# National Education Policy - 2020

Syllabus Department of Political Science University of Kota, Kota (Raj.)

# STRUCTURE OF PG POLITICAL SCIENCE SYLLABUS

2023

# M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE

SEMESTER-I to IV

# M. A. (POLITICAL SCIENCE) 2022-23 Course Code 11450

Each paper contains 150 marks. For regular and non collegiates, theory paper will be of 100 marks. For regular studnets internal evaluation of marks 50 are divided into 30 marks for written test and 20 marks for viva/presentation/Seminar/Assignment/Report Writting.

For non collegiate students internal evaluation marks 50 are divided into 30 marks for report writing and 20 marks for viva-voce. Report writing and viva-voce: non collegiate student will prepare report on any topic of each course in minimum one thousand words from the prescribed syllabus of the concerned theory paper/course. The student needs to submit the report to the concerned college with in the prescribed time so that the college will arrange viva -voce on the report.

Students are required to take one course offered under CBCS (choice based credit system) for 4 credits in Sem. II & Sem. III Compulsorily for 50 marks.

**M.A.** (Sem. I ): There will be four papers –

Year/ Semester	Paper	Code	Nomenclature of Paper	Max. Marks	Min. Marks
	I	POL 11451 T	History of Western Political Thought – Plato to Marx	100	40
Ist Year/ Sem I	II	POL 11452 T	Comparative Political Institutions	100	40
	III	POL 11453 T	International Politics	100	40
	IV	POL 11454 T	Theory and Practice of Public Administration	100	40
		Internal	Internal Evaluation for Each Paper	50x4=200	20x4=80
			Total	600	240
Ist Year/ Sem II	I	POL 11461 T	Western Political Theory – Marx to Present Day	100	40
	II	POL 11462 T	Indian Government and Politics	100	40
	III	POL 11463 T	Indian Political Thought	100	40
	IV	POL 11464 T	Indian Administration	100	40
	V	POL 11465 T	Choice Based Credit System	50	20
		Internal	Internal Evaluation for Each Paper	50x4=200	20x4=80
			Total	650	260
IInd Year/ Sem III	I	POL 11471 T	Making of the Constitution of India	100	40
	II	POL 11472 T	State Politics in India (With Special Reference to Rajasthan)	100	40

	III		Any one of the following				
		POL 11473 T	India's Foreign Policy	100	40		
		POL 11474 T	Indian Politics : Issues and Trends	100	40		
		POL 11475 T	Green Political Theory	100	40		
		POL 11476 T	Political Sociology	100	40		
	IV		Any one of the following				
		POL 11477 T	Politics in South Asia	100	40		
		POL 11478 T	Gandhiyan Political Thought	100	40		
		POL 11479 T	Political Analysis and Research Methodology	100	40		
		POL 11480 T	International Organization	100	40		
		POL 11481 T	Choice Based Credit System	50	20		
		Internal	Internal Evaluation for Each Paper	50x4=200	20x4=80		
			Total	650	260		
IInd Year/	I	POL 11490 T	Modern Political Theory	100	40		
Sem IV	II	POL 11491 T	Human Rights and Duties: Theory and Practice	100	40		
	III		Any one of the following				
		POL 11492 T	India and the World	100	40		
		POL 11493 T	Polity and Politics in India	100	40		
		POL 11494 T	Indian Political Economy	100	40		
		POL 11495 T	Public International Law	100	40		
	IV		Any one of the following				
		POL 11496 T	Theory and Practice of Diplomacy	100	40		
		POL 11497 T	Political Process and Politics in India	100	40		
		POL 11498 T	Federal System and Federalism in India	100	40		
		POL 11499 T	Dissertation	100	40		
		Internal	Internal Evaluation for Each Paper	50x4=200	20x4=80		
			Total	600	240		

Note:- In Sem. III and Sem. IV paper I & Paper II are compulsory. Student have to choose two papers by choosing one paper each from III group and IV group.

# M.A. Political Science Sem. – I

# **History of Western Political Thought**

(From Plato to Marx)

# Paper - I

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain two sections as under –

The question paper consists of section A and section B. Section A for 20 marks and section B for 80

Marks.

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit.

Short answer in 30 words for each part.

Total marks: 10x2=20

**Section-B:** Contains 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, attempted 5

questions, by taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 500

words.

Total marks: 16x5=80

**Course Objective:** This course is to familiarize the students with the larger political and social thinking and ideas in Western Political Thought from Plato to Marx includes a deep understanding of political theories devloped by these thinkers. Students also gain a thorough knowledge of major political ideas given by these philosophers. The course should help students connect the historical ideas to contemporary political issues to influence modern political thought.

Unit – I

Plato, Aristotle.

Unit – II

Medieval Political Thought: Saint Augustine, Saint Thomas Acquinas.

Unit – III

Renaissance, Reformation and Counter Reformation, Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau.

Unit – IV

Utilitarianism: Bentham and J.S. Mill

Unit - V

Idealists: Hegel, Karl Marx and Scientific Socialism.

#### **Core Books:**

1. Karl Popper : Open Society and its Enemies

2. M.Q. Sibley : Political Ideas and Ideology (Hindi & English)

3 Michael Foster : Masters of Political Thought.

4 G.H. Sabine : History of Political Philosophy (Hindi & English)

5. E. Barker : Plato and His Predecessors

 6. W.A. Dunning
 : History of Political theory (3 Volumes)

 7. बी.एल. फड़िया
 : पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारों का इतिहास

 8. पी.डी. शर्मा
 : पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारों का इतिहास

 9. के.एन. वर्मा
 : पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारधारायें भाग–1 व 2

 10. जे.पी. सूद
 : आधुनिक विचारों का इतिहास खण्ड 1–4

11. एस.एल. टाक व के.एल. कमल : पाश्चात्य राजनीतिक विचारों का इतिहास

# **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- <a href="https://rtionline.gov.in/">https://rtionline.gov.in/</a>
   <a href="https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice">https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice</a>

**Course Learning Outcome:** - The learning outcome of the course is to provide students with well and indepth understanding of the evaluation of western political thought, equip them with critical thinkings skills and encourage them to apply historical ideas to contemporary political discourses.

# M.A. Political Science

### Sem. - I

# Comparative Political Institutions Paper - II

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain two sections as under –

The question paper consists of section A and section B. Section A for 20 marks and section B for 80

Marks.

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit.

Short answer in 30 words for each part.

Total marks: 10x2=20

Section-B: Contains 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, attempted 5

questions, by taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 500

words.

Total marks: 16x5=80

**Course Objective :** Students should gain a deep understanding of defferent political system, political institutions, comparative analysis, political behaviour, historical context and policy implications

#### Unit – I

Meaning, Nature and Scope of Comparative Politics: Traditional, Modern and Post-Modern Perspectives, Evolution of Comparative Politics.

#### Unit – II

Major Approaches in Comparative Politics: Traditional and Modern Perspectives, Political Development, Political Modernization.

#### Unit – III

Forms of Government- Leading Classification of Governments (Traditional and Modern); Constitutionalism; Democracy and Dictatorship, Parliamentary and Presidential, Federal and Unitary.

#### Unit – IV

Organs of Government- their functions. Party system and Pressure Groups.

#### Unit - V

Theories of Representation, Electoral systems and Voting Behaviour, Elite Group and Public Opinion.

#### **Core Books:**

1. K.C. Wheare : Federal Government

2 Almond and Powell : Comparative Politics-System, Policy and Process.1978

3 Palombara : Politics within Nations

4. Herman Finer : Theory and Practice of Modern Government

5. Allen Ball : Modern Government and Politics

6. सी.बी. गेना : तुलनात्मक राजनीतिक संस्थाएँ 7. जे.सी. जौहरी : तुलनात्मक राजनीतिक 8. चार्ल्स ई. मेरियम : राजनीति के नये संदर्भ

9. जैन एवं फड़िया : तुलनात्मक शासन एवं राजनीति

# **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- <a href="https://rtionline.gov.in/">https://rtionline.gov.in/</a>
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcome : -** The outcomes can vary from one institution to another and may depend on the specific goals and focus of the course

# M.A. Political Science

## Sem. - I

### **International Politics**

# Paper - III

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain two sections as under –

The question paper consists of section A and section B. Section A for 20 marks and section B for 80

Marks.

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit.

Short answer in 30 words for each part.

Total marks: 10x2=20

**Section-B:** Contains 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, attempted 5

questions, by taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 500

words.

Total marks: 16x5=80

**Course Objective :** Students should gain a solid understanding of international relations theories, analysing global political issues, understanding foreign policy, conflict resolution, human rights and global ethics and policy analysis.

#### Unit – I

Theories of International Politics, Approaches to the Study International Politics as a Struggle for Power; Concept of National Power- Essence and Elementsof National Power.

#### Unit – II

Instruments for the Promotion of National Interest-Diplomacy, Propaganda and Political Warfare; Economic Instruments of National policy: Imperialism, Colonialism and Neo-Colonialism; War as an Instrument of National policy.

#### Unit – III

Limitations of National Power- Balance of Power, Collective Security and Pacific Settlement of International disputes.

#### Unit – IV

Major Issues in Contemporary International Politics, Globalization, Challenges to US hegemony, Disintegration of U.S.S.R as Super Power and Emergence of China as Super Power, India and her Neighbours.

#### Unit – V

Rebuilding & Reorganization of Europe, Disarmament, Environmental Issues, Terrorism, Biochemical war and NIEO-North-SouthDialogue, South-South Dialogue.

#### **Core Books:**

1. Hans J. Morgenthau : Politics among Nations (Scientific Books Agency, Calcutta )

(Hindi & English)

2. Palmer and Perkins
3. Sprout and Sprout
4. International Relations Scientific Books Agency, Calcutta.
5. Foundation of International Politics. (Hindi & English)

4. Mahendra Kumar : Theoritical Aspects of International Politics (Hindi & English)

5. बी.एल. फडिया : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति

6. Anam Jaitly : International Politics: Trends and Issues

 7. पी.डी. शर्मा
 : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति

 8. पंत और जैन
 : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति

 9. यू.आर. घई
 : अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय राजनीति

 10. आर.एस. यादव
 : भारत की विदेश नीति

# **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- https://rtionline.gov.in/
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

Course Learning Outcome: - The outcomes can vary from one institution to another and may depend on the specific focus, goals and level of the course. Study of international politics students might in compass understanding the key theories, events, trends and dynamics in the global political landscape. Analysing the role of major international actors (such as states, international organizations and non-state entities), evaluating the empact of ideaologies, conflicts and co-operation on international relations, examining the evaluation of diplomatic, economic, security frameworks and developing critical thinking skill assess the challenges and opportunities facing the international community in the comtemporary era.

### M.A. Political Science

### Sem. - I

# Theory and Practice of Public Administration Paper - IV

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain two sections as under –

The question paper consists of section A and section B. Section A for 20 marks and section B for 80

Marks.

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit.

Short answer in 30 words for each part.

Total marks: 10x2=20

**Section-B:** Contains 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, attempted 5

questions, by taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 500

words.

Total marks: 16x5=80

**Course Objective:** The course objective of theory and practice of public administration typically aims to provide student with a comprehensive understanding of the principles, theories and practical aspects of public administration. Encouraging critical analysis of real-world issues, fostering problem-solving skills within the framework of public administration and aim to equip students with the knowledge and skills required to work in government agencies, non-profit organizations and international institutions, enbaling them to contribute effectively to public policies.

#### Unit – I

Public Administration: Meaning, Scope, Nature, Method of Study, Impact of Information Technology on Public Administration, Private and Public Administration, Politics and Administration.

#### Unit – II

Theory of Organization: Chief Executive and his functions, Staff and Line, Hierarchy, Span of Control, Kinds of Organization, Delegation and Decentralization. Co-ordination, Supervision and Control.

#### **Unit - III**

Modern Theory of Organization, Socio-Psychological Approach, Ecological Approach (Riggs), Human Relation in Organization, Administrative Leadership, Decision Making Theory, Nature of Authority, Communication.

#### Unit – IV

Control over Administration: Legislative, Judicial and Popular Controls, Implications and Limitations of these Controls in a Democratic Framework.

#### Unit - V

Personnel Administration: Principles and problems of Classification, Recruitment, Promotion, Training, Discipline and Concept of Good Governance.

#### **Core Books:**

1. Simon : Administrative Behaviour2. Piffiner and Sherwood : Public Administration

3. S.R. Maheshwari : Theory and Concept in Public Administration

4. R.B. Jain : Public Administration

5. Waldo, D. : Ideas and Issues in Public Administration

6. Dr. D.K. Mishra : Samaiik System Prashashan

7. Vishnoo Bhagwan & Vidhya Bhushan: Public Administration

8. Mohit Bhattacharaya : Public Administration

9. रूमकी वास् : लोक प्रशासन संकल्पनायें एवं सिद्धान्त

10. बी.एल. फड़िया : लोक प्रशासन

11. पी.डी. शर्मा : लोक प्रशासन के सिद्धान्त व व्यवहार

# **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- https://rtionline.gov.in/
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcome:** - The student acquires specific knowledge, skills, abilities and work effectively in public administration upon the completion.

# M.A. Political Science

## Sem.- II

# Western Political Theory - Karl Marx to Present Day Paper - I

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain two sections as under –

The question paper consists of section A and section B. Section A for 20 marks and section B for 80

Marks.

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit.

Short answer in 30 words for each part.

Total marks: 10x2=20

**Section-B:** Contains 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, attempted 5

questions, by taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 500

words.

Total marks: 16x5=80

**Course Objective:** This course Western Political Theory - Karl Marx to Present Day would help to understand the idea of state, different theories, rights, liberty, equality, justice, liberalism, communism, dictatorship and democracy which have evolved in the contemporary period of time.

#### Unit- I

Socialism from Marx- Lenin and Mao.

Non Marxian - Fabianism, Democratic Socialism.

#### Unit- II

Anarchism: Revolutionary and Philosophical; Reason Harold Lasswell, Harold Laski.

#### **Unit- III**

Libebralism : 1. Libertarianism – Robert Nozick (Neo-Liberalism)

2. Social Egalitarianism – John Rawls

3. Possesive Individualism – C.B. Machpherson

#### **Unit IV**

Democracy 1. Elitism- Mosca, Pareto and Micheles

2. Poliarchy – Robert Dahl

3. Models of Democracy – David Held

#### Unit- V

Contemporary Political Thought : Oakshott, Hannah Arendt Neo-Marxists (Frankfurt School): Herbert Marcuse and Habermas.

#### **Core Books:**

1. Alexander Grav : Socialist Tradition (From Marx to Lenin)

2. Eugene J. Meehan : Contemporay Political Theories: A Critical Study, Dorsey Press,

1967

3. F.W. Coker : Recent Political Thought (Appleton Century, London. 1939) 4. Gould and Thursby : Contemporary Political Thought (Holt Rinehart. Winston. N.Y.

1969)

5. Merriam and Bares : A History of Political Theories in Recent Times.

Allahabad Central Books Depot, 1959.

6. S.L. Verma : Samkaleen Rajnitik Chintan (Hindi)
7. D.N. Mishra : Samajvad se Sarwodaya (Hindi)
8. P.D. Sharma : Arvacheen Rajnitik Chintan (Hindi)

9. Arnold Brecht : Political Theory: Foundations of Twentieth Century

Political Thought, Princeton University Press, 1959.

10. David Easton : The Political System: An Inquiry into the State of

Political Science, Alfred A. Knopf Inc. 1963

11. Eugene J. Meehan : The Theory and Method of Political Analysis,

Homewood, III 1965

12. Harold D. Lasswell : Politics: Who Gets What, When, How?

McGraw Hill and Co.. Inc. New York, 1939

## **Suggested Online Link:**

https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/

- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- <a href="https://rtionline.gov.in/">https://rtionline.gov.in/</a>
   <a href="https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice">https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice</a>

Course Learning Outcome: - Student could involved gaining a comprehensive understanding of influential political thinkers from the western tradition, analysing their major theories and idea's related to liberty, justice, equality, right, governance and the role of the state, placing their thoughts in historical and cultural contexts and critically evaluating their enduring relevance of their contributions in contemporary political thought. Student might also enhance their ability to engage in thoughtful discussions about western political idea's and their implecations for modern governance and society.

# M.A. Political Science Sem. - II

# Indian Government and Politics Paper - II

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain two sections as under –

The question paper consists of section A and section B. Section A for 20 marks and section B for 80

Marks.

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit.

Short answer in 30 words for each part.

Total marks: 10x2=20

**Section-B:** Contains 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, attempted 5

questions, by taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 500

words.

Total marks: 16x5=80

**Course Objective:** Acquaintance to Indian Government and politics for a student to make a sense of Indian Political System. The course is designed to provide an overview of Indian political system, government and key concepts of the Indian constitution to the student, which would evolve him into a responsible citizen and incalculate the analysing capacity regarding indian political system.

#### Unit- I

Constituent Assembly- Composition and working. Preamble as a base of Indian constitution.

#### **Unit-II**

Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties and Directive Principles of State Policy.

#### **Unit-III**

The Nature of Indian Federalism, Union-State Relations; Regionalism and National Integration.

#### **Unit-IV**

Party system in India, Pressure Groups in Indian Politics, Coalition Politics, Election and Voting Behaviour, Personality Factor in Indian Politics.

#### Unit- V

Emerging Challenges to Indian Democracy: Caste, Communalism, Regionalism, Criminalisation, Terrorism, Politics of Reservation, Secularism and Problems of Minorities Politics, New trendsof Indian Politics and new social movements

#### **Core Books:**

1. Granville Austin : The Indian Constitution : Cornerstone of a Nation

(Clarendon press, Oxford 1966)

2. W.H. Morris Jones3. Rajni Kothari3. Government and Politics in India3. Bharat Main Rajniti / Politics in India

4. K.L. Kamal : Democratic Politics in India

5. V.R. Mehta : Ideology. Modernisation and Politics in India

6. M.P.Roy & R.N. Trivedi : Indian Government and Politics (Hindi) भारतीय शासन और राजनीति

7. J.C. Johari : Indian Govt. & Politics 8. D.D. Basu : Indian Constitution

9. Ghanshyam Shah : Politics of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes

10. Mohan Shah11. J.R. Siwach12. Politics of Minorities13. Office of the Governor

12. Shakdhar. S.L. : Parliamentary Practice in India

13. Myron Weiner : Party Politics in India- The Development of Multiparty system.

14. Myron Weiner : Politics of Scarcity- Public Pressure and Politics of

Response in India

15. Singhvi, L.M. : Bharat Main Nirvachan

16. Singhvi, L.M. : Indian Political Parties (In Hindi & English)

17. Khanna S.K.18. Khanna S.K.19. Coalition Politics in India19. Crisis of India Democracy

19. Khana S.K. : Reforming Indian Political System

20. S.K. Kashyap : Coalition Politics in India

## **Suggested Online Link:**

https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/

- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- https://rtionline.gov.in/
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcome:** - Student may incompass understanding the structure of the Indian political system, federal structure and key institution (e.g., legislature, executive, judiciary) Analysing the functing of these institution within Indian context, Examining the Role of political parties, electoral processes, citizen participation and evaluating the challenges and opportunities facing India's political system in addressing issues like diversity, Governance and development. Student might also developed skill in critically assessing policy - making processes and their impact on Indian society and politics.

# M.A. Political Science Sem. – II Indian Political Thought Paper - III

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain two sections as under –

The question paper consists of section A and section B. Section A for 20 marks and section B for 80

Marks.

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit.

Short answer in 30 words for each part.

Total marks: 10x2=20

**Section-B:** Contains 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, attempted 5

questions, by taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 500

words.

Total marks: 16x5=80

**Course Objective:** This course is to familiarize the students with the larger political and social thinking and ideas in Ancient, medieval and Modern India. Designed in a way to help students engage with various ideological dispensations that came to shape the normative thinking on India.

#### Unit- I

Interpretation of Ancient Indian Political Thought and Methodological Issues. Ancient Political ideas in the vedic sahitya, Brahmanas and the Upanishad.

#### **Unit-II**

Political Ideas in Arthashastra of Kautilya and Manu Smriti of Manu. The Ideas of Buddhist and Jain Political Philosophy.

#### **Unit- III**

Medieval Indian Political Theory - Ziyauddin Barani, Abul Fajl and Kabir.

#### Unit IV

The moderate perspectives and M.A. Jinnah.

V.D. Savarkar's Concept of Hindutva and Integrative Nationalism.

#### Unit - V

M.K. Gandhi, Jawahar Lal Nehru, Dr. B.R. Ambedkar

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Altekar : State and Government in Ancient India

2. Beni Prasad : The State in Ancient India3. H.N. Sinha : Development of Indian Polity

4. Jayaswal, K.P. : Hindu polity

5. D.R. Bhandarker6. H.N. LawSome Aspects of Ancient Indian PolitySome Aspects of Ancient Indian Polity

7. Ghosal, U.N. : Hindu Public Life Vol. I

8. H. C. Sharma : Political Ideas and Institution in Ancient India 9. Sartore : Ancient Political Thought and Institutions 10. Spellman : Ancient Indian Political Ideas and Institutions

11. मधुकर श्याम चतुर्वेदी एवं इनाक्षी चतुर्वेदी : प्रमुख भारतीय राजनीतिक विचारक, कॉलेज बुक हाउस

12. सत्यकेत् विधालंकार : प्राचीन भारत की शासन पद्धति और राजशास्त्र

#### **Core Books:**

1. A. Appadorai : Indian Political Thinking From Naoroji to Nehru

2. K.P. Karunakaram : Continuity and Change in India Politics

3. V.P. Verma : Modern Indian Political thought

4. P.N. Nagar : Adhunik Bharatiya Samajik Avam Rajnitik Chintan

5. O.P. Goyal
6. Sankara Ghosh
7. V.R. Mehta
Studies in Modern Indian Political Thought
The Renaissance to Militant Nationalism
Ideology, Modernization and Politics in India

8. K.D. Damodaran : Indian Thought

9. Bhabani Sen Gupta: Communism in Indian Politics

10. K.P. Karunakaran : Continuity and Change in Indian Politics

(People's Publishing House, New Delhi)

11. अवस्थी एवं अवस्थी : भारतीय राजनीतिक चिन्तन

12. Virendra Grover : Bal Gangadhar Tilak

13. Shyamlal and K.S. Saxena: Ambedkar and Nation Building(Ed.)(Rawat Publications, Jaipur)

प्राचीन एवं मध्यकालीन भारत का राजनीतिक चिंतन प्रमुख परम्पराएँ एवं चिंतक : रूचि त्यागी

## **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services https://rtionline.gov.in/

Course Learning Outcome: - Student will develop understanding of the ideas and contributions of prominent indian political thinkers by analysing their perspective on issues like dharma, state, democracy, nationalism social justice and governance. Student will be able to recognise their historical and cultural context by critically assessing the relevance of their ideas/theories in today's political landscape. Student might also enhance their ability to engage informed discussions about Indian political thought and its impact.

# M.A. Political Science Sem. – II Indian Administration Paper - IV

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain two sections as under –

The question paper consists of section A and section B. Section A for 20 marks and section B for 80

Marks.

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit.

Short answer in 30 words for each part.

Total marks: 10x2=20

**Section-B:** Contains 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, attempted 5

questions, by taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 500

words.

Total marks: 16x5=80

**Course Objective:** The course objective of Indian administration typically aims to provide student with a comprehensive understanding of the principles, theories and practical aspects of Indian administration. Encouraging critical analysis of Indian administrative issues, fostering problem-solving skills within the framework of Indian administration and aim to equip students with the knowledge and skills required to work in government agencies and non-profit organizations enbaling them to contribute effectively to public policies.

#### Unit- I

Evolution of Indian Administration, Mughal Period and British Influence and Its Legacies.

#### **Unit- II**

Structure of Central Administration- Prime Minister's Office, Cabinet Secretariat, Central Secretariat, Ministries of Home, Personnel and External Affairs.

Administration at the State Level with special reference to the Secretariat- Directorate Relationship and Field Organizations.

#### **Unit- III**

Civil Services- Recruitment, Training, Conditions of Work.

The Problems of Generalists and Specialists and Commitment.

Administration of Law and Order-Role of Central and States Agencies.

Control over Administration- Parliamentary, Judicial, the Lokpal and Lokayuktas.

#### **Unit-IV**

District Administration, The role of Collector, Tehsildar and S.D.O.

Development Administration, District Rural Development Agency, Public Undertakings- Forms, Management and Control.

#### Unit- V

Financial Administration- Formulation, Approval and Execution of Budget.

Organization, Role and Functions of the Ministry of Finance.

Parliamentary Control over Finance. Controller and Auditor General of India.

Impact of Globalization and Liberalization on Indian Administration.

Administration for Welfareof Weaker Sections.

Administrative Reforms in India.

#### **Core Books and Reports:**

1. Ashok Chanda : Indian Administration

2. Paul H. Appleby : Re-Examination of India's Administrative System

(Govt. of India, 1953)

3. Paul H. Appleby : Re-Examination of India's Administrative System

(Govt. of India, 1956)

4. S.S. Khera : Government in Business.

5. S.S. Khera : District Administration in India

6. Ramesh K. Arora
7. S.K. Khanna
8. P.N. Sinha
1. Indian Administration Problems and Attitudes
3. Challenge and Change in Indian Administration

9. A.D. Gorwal : Report on Public Administration (1951)

10. M. Ruthnaswami : Some Influences that Made the British Administrative

System in India

 11. आर.एम. दरड़ा
 : भारत में लोक प्रशासन

 12. पी.डी. शर्मा
 : भारत में लोक प्रशासन

 13. बी.एल. फड़िया
 : भारत में लोक प्रशासन

 14. बी.एम. शर्मा
 : भारत में लोक प्रशासन

14. Administrative Reforms Commission of India: Various Reports

# **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- https://rtionline.gov.in/
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcome : -** The student acquires specific knowledge, skills, abilities and work effectively in Indian administration upon the completion.

# M.A. Political Science Sem. III

# Making of the Constitution of India Compulsory Paper - I

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain three sections as under –

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit,

short answer in 20 words for each part.

**Section-B:** 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, 5 questions to be attempted,

taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 250 words.

Total marks: 50

Total marks: 10

**Section-C:** 04 questions (question may have sub division) covering all units but not

more than one question from each unit, descriptive type, answer in about 500 words, 2 questions to be attempted.

Total marks: 40

**Course Objective:** To make a student wellversed about Indian Constitution. The course is designed to provide an overview of Indian constitutional development, freedom Struggle and key concepts of the Indian constitution to the student, which would evolve him into a responsible citizen.

#### Unit-I: Colonialism, Growth of Nationalism

- Nature and Impact of Colonialism: Economic, Social and Political
- Anti Colonial Movement: Ideology, Strategy and Main Phases of the Movement

#### **Unit-II: Making of the Constitution**

- Constitution: Evolution, Ideological Bases
- Historical Background of the Constituent Assembly, Composition, Functions and various Committees
- Enforcement of the Constitution Salient Features of Indian Constitution

#### **Unit-III: Philosophy of the Constitution**

- The Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Duties, Directive Principles of State Policies
- Gandhian, Liberal and Socialistic Principles An Evaluation

#### **Unit-IV: Structure of the Government**

- Federalism Structure and Functioning, Powers of Parliament-Quality of Debates and Composition
- Decentralized Governance Philosophy, Responsibility and Institutional structure, Evaluation of their functioning

#### **Unit-V: Institutions**

- Indian Judiciary Judicial review, Public Interest Litigation
- Lokpal and Lokayukta
- Evaluation of Working of IndianConstitution

#### **Suggested Books**

- 1. Bakshi, P. M. (2019). Constitution of India. New Dehli: Universal.
- **2.** Agrawal. P.K., & Guptal, Virag. (2019). *The Constitution of India*. New Dehli:Prabhat Prakashan.
- **3.** Basu, D D. (2018). *Introduction to the Constitution of India*. New Dehli: LexisNexis; Twenty-Third.
- **4.** Pal, S. (2015). *India'S Constitution –Origins And Evolution*. New Dehli: LexisNexis.
- **5.** Subhash, Kashyap. (2015). *Concise Encylcopedia of Indian Constitution*. Mubai: Orient Paperbacks.
- **6.** Rama, Jois. (2014). *Legal and Constitutional History of India*. UP: UniversalLaw Publishing Co Ltd.
- **7.** Atlantic Research Division, (2012). *Constitutional Democracy and Governmentin India*. Channai: Atlantic.
- **8.** Pandey, Ashwani. (2012). *Making of the constitution of india*. New Dehli: Abhijeet Publication.
- **9.** Ashutosh, Kumar. (2011). *Indian Constitution and Its Features*. Bengaluru: Anmol Publications Pvt Ltd.
- 10. Austin, G, The Indian Constitution: Corner Stone of a Nation, Oxford: OUP, 1966.

Agarwal R.C., & Bhatnagar, Mahesh. (2006). Constitutional Development and National Movement in India. New Dehli: S Chand & Co Ltd.

# **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- https://rtionline.gov.in/
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcome: -** Student may understand about the Indian constitution, constitutional development and key institutions like legislature, executive, judiciary. Analysing the functing of these institutions within Indian context, examining the role of political parties, electoral processes, citizen participation and evaluating the challenges and opportunities facing India's political system in addressing issues like diversity, governance and development etc. Student might also develops skill in critically assessing policy making processes and their impact on Indian society and politics.

# M.A. Political Science Sem. III

# State Politics in India (With Special Reference to Rajasthan) Compulsory Paper - II

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain three sections as under –

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit,

short answer in 20 words for each part. Total marks: 10

**Section-B:** 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, 5 questions to be attempted,

taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 250 words.

Total marks: 50

Section-C: 04 questions (question may have sub division) covering all units but not

more than one question from each unit, descriptive type, answer in about 500 words, 2 questions to be attempted.

Total marks: 40

**Course Objective:** Acquaintance to State Politics in India (With Special Reference to Rajasthan) for a student to make a sense of Indian Political System with reference to Rajasthan State Politics. The course is designed to provide an overview of state political system, government and key concepts of the State Politics to the student, which would evolve him into a responsible citizen and incalculate the analysing capacity regarding state political system.

#### Unit - I

 State Politics in India: Theoretical framework, Nature and Patterns. Emerging Trends -Demand for State Autonomy

#### **Unit - II**

• Government Machinery in the States :

State Executive: Governor, Chief Minister, Council of Ministers

State Legislature: Composition, Powers and Functions State Judiciary: Composition, Powers and Functions

#### **Unit - III**

- The Federal System Changing Pattern of Centre-State Relations Panchayati Raj System - Democratic Decentralisation and Social Justice
- Political Behaviour and Rise of Regional Parties

#### **Unit - IV**

Politics of Rajasthan

Historical Legacies, Geographic and demographic profile of Rajasthan Post Independence Politics : The role of Political Parties

- Green revolution: Rise of Agrarian Interests and their impact on Politics.
- Pressure Groups in Rajasthan

#### Unit - V

- Caste and Religion in Rajasthan Politics
- Political leadership and changing pattern of dominance
- Politics of Minorities, Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, Other Backward and most Backward Classes in Rajasthan
- Future prospects of State politics in Rajasthan

#### **Suggested Books**

Austin, G, Working of a Democratic Constitution: The Experience, Delhi: OUP, 2000.

Bhargava, Rajeev, Promise of India's Secular Democracy, Oxford: OUP, 2011.

Bombwall, K.R, The Foundation of Indian Federalism, Bombay: Asia Publishing House, 1967.

1965. Chatterjee, P.(ed.) States and Politics in India, Delhi: OUP, 1997.

Chatterjee. P(ed.) Politics in India: The State Society Interface, New Delhi: South Asian Publishers, 2001.

Hasan, Z, Politics and State in India, New Delhi: Sage, 2000.

Jayal, Niraja Gopal and Mehta, Pratap Bhanu (eds), The Oxford Companion to Indian Politics, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Mohanta, Vani Gopal, *Confronting the state: ULFA's Quest for Sovereignity*, New Delhi: Sage, 2013.

Pai, Sudha(ed.), *Handbook of Politics in Indian States: Region, Parties and Economic Reforms*, Oxford, Delhi:OUP, 2013.

Roy, Himanshu, State Politics in India, Primus Books, 2017.

Wouters, Jelle J.P, *In the Shadows og Naga Insurgency: Tribes, State and Violence in North East India*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2018.

Zeigfeld, Adam, Why Regional Parties: Clientelism, Elites, and the Indian Party System, New Delhi: Cambridge University Press, 2016.

Bhambhri, C.P., The Indian State Since Independence- 70 Years, New Delhi: Shipra Publications, 2017.,

Mehra, K. Ajay, *Emerging Trends in Indian Politics- The 15<sup>th</sup> General Election*, New York: Routledge, 2020.

K.S. Saxena, The political movements and Awakening in Rajasthan Iqbal Narayan, Political dimensions of development भंडारी विजय, राजस्थान की राजनीति सामन्तवाद से जातिवाद के भंवर में डॉ. मोहम्मद कामरान खान, राजस्थान में राज्य राजनीति एक विश्लेषण

# **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- https://rtionline.gov.in/
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcome:** - Student may incompass understanding the structure of the state political system, structure and key state institutions i.e. legislature, executive and judiciary. Analysing the functing of these institutions within Indian state context, examining the role of regional political parties, electoral processes, citizen participation and evaluating the challenges and opportunities facing India's state political system in addressing issues like diversity, Governance and development. Student might also develops skill in critically assessing policy making processes and their impact on Indian state society and politics.

# M.A. Political Science Sem. III India's Foreign Policy Paper - III

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain three sections as under –

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit,

short answer in 20 words for each part. Total marks: 10

**Section-B:** 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, 5 questions to be attempted,

taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 250 words.

Total marks: 50

**Section-C:** 04 questions (question may have sub division) covering all units but not

more than one question from each unit, descriptive type, answer in about 500 words, 2 questions to be attempted.

Total marks: 40

Course Objective: The main important objective of India's foreign policy are preservation of national interest, achievement of world peace, disarmament, independence etc. This course seeks to equip students to understand the basic tools of India's Foreign Policy. It also introduces major events and developments that have shaped the contemporary India's Foreign Policy. It aims to capture the changing dynamics of the India's Foreign Policy by taking up burning and relevant issues which have potential to alter its contours.

#### Unit I: Principles, Objectives, Determinants and Agencies

- India's Foreign Policy: Ideology, Principles, Goals and Objectives
- Determinants of India's Foreign Policy: Internal and External
- India's Foreign Policy Making: Structures and Processes (Parliament, PMO, MEA, **NSC**, Political Parties and Media)
- Continuity and Change in India's Foreign Policy

#### **Unit II: India's Security Concerns**

- India's Security Policy: Evolution and Parameters; India's Security Concerns: Internal and External
- Changing Dynamics of India's Nuclear Policy
- India's Energy Security: Role of Diplomacy
- India's Contemporary Security Challenges: Maritime Security, Cyber Security and Trafficking

#### **Unit III: India and important Power Centers**

- India and the United States: From Divergence to Convergence
- India and Russia: Changing Contours.
- India and European powers: France, Germany and United Kingdom
- India and Emerging Powers: Brazil and South Africa

#### **Unit-IV: India's Changing World View**

- Evolution of India's World View during the Cold-War and Post Cold War Period
- India's Perspective on Disarmament and Non Proliferation
- India as an Emerging Power: Strengths and Challenges

#### Unit V: India's Role in International Affairs

- India and United Nations: Role in International Peace-keeping
- India and International Economic Regime: WTO, IMF and World Bank.
- India's and Climate Change: Issues and initiatives
- India and New Regionalism: Indo-Pacific, Quad, BRICS and G-20

#### **Suggested Books**

Appadorai, A, Domestic Roots of India's Foreign Policy, New Delhi: OUP, 1981.

Bandyopadhyaya J, Making of India's Policy: Determinants, Institutions, Processes and Personalities, Bombay: Allied Publishers, 1980.

Bradnock, Robert, *India's Foreign Policy since 1971*, London: Royal Institute for International Affairs, 1990.

Dixit, J N, Makers of India's Foreign Policy, New Delhi: Harper Collins India, 2004.

Dubey, Muchkund, *India's Foreign Policy: Coping With The Changing World*, New Delhi: Pearson Publishers, 2012.

Ganguly, Sumit, *India's Foreign Policy: Retrospect and Prospect*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2011.

Ghose, Anjali, et.al., ed. India's Foreign Policy, Delhi: Pearson, 2009.

Gujral, I K. Continuity and Change - India's Foreign Policy, New Delhi: MacMillan Indian Limited, 2002.

Harshe, Rajen and K.M. Seethi, ed. *Engaging with the World: Critical Reflections on India's Foreign Policy*, New Delhi: Orient Longman, 2005.

Sikri, Rajiv, Challenge and Strategy: Rethinking India's Foreign Policy, New Delhi: Sage India,

2013. Srivastava, C.B.P. India and the World: Changing Scenario, Allahabad: Kitab Mahal, 2001.

Dubey Muchkund, Indian Foreign Policy, Orient Blackswan, 2016.

Dixit, J.N, Indian Foreign Policy and its Neighbors, New Delhi, 2016.

Bajpayee Kanti, India's Foreign Policy: A Reader, Oxford University Press,

2013.Pant, Harsh V and Joshi, Yogesh, *Indian Nuclear Policy*, New Delhi: OUP, 2018.

Sharma, Ashok, *India's Pursuit of Energy Security: Domestic Measures, Foreign Policy and Geopolitics*, New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2019.

Kumar, A. Vinod, *India and the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Regime*, Delhi: Cambridge University Press, 2014.

Pant, Harsh V. (ed.), *New Directions in India's Foreign Policy: Theory and Praxis*, New Delhi, Cambridge University Press, 2019.

Ogden, Chris, India Foreign Policy: Ambition and Transition, Malden: Polity Press, 2014.

Wojczewski, Thorsten, *India's Foreign Policy Discourse and Its Conceptions of World Order-The Questfor Power and Identity*, New York: Routledge, 2018.

Bajpai, Kanti P. & Harsh V. Pant, eds., *India's Foreign Policy: A Reader*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2013.

Chatterjee Aneek, *Neighbors Major Powers and Indian Foreign Policy*, Hyderabad: Orient Blackswan, 2017

Dubey, Muchkund, *India's Foreign Policy: Coping with the Changing World*, New Delhi: Pearson Publishers, 2012.

Jayal, Neraja Gopal and Pratap Bhanu Mehta, eds., The Oxford Companion to Politics in India, New

Delhi: OUP, 2014.

Kumar, Mahendra, Theoretical Aspects of International Politics, Agra: Shiva Lal Agarwal & Company,

1984.

Sikri, Rajiv, Challenge and Strategy: Rethinking India's Foreign Policy, New Delhi: Sage India,

2013. Kumar, Suendra, (ed.), Whither India in 2022, New Delhi: Har-Anand Publications, 2019

# **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- <a href="https://rtionline.gov.in/">https://rtionline.gov.in/</a>
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcome:** The learning and course outcome of India's foreign policy to analyse the concept of foreign policy and India's role with neighbouring and global powers. Student also understand the international events and foreign policy issues and developments in Indian foreign policy in approaches.

# M.A. Political Science Sem. III

# Indian Politics : Issues and Trends Paper - III

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain three sections as under –

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit,

short answer in 20 words for each part. Total marks: 10

**Section-B:** 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, 5 questions to be attempted,

taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 250 words.

Total marks: 50

Section-C: 04 questions (question may have sub division) covering all units but not

more than one question from each unit, descriptive type, answer in about 500 words, 2 questions to be attempted.

Total marks: 40

**Course Objective:** Acquaintance to Indian Politics: Issues and Trends is indispensable for a student to make a sense of Indian politics. The course is designed to provide an overview of Indian politics and key concepts of the Indian politics, which would evolve student into a participatory citizen.

#### **Unit-I Culture, Class and Politics**

Understanding Culture and Politics

- Citizenship Debates: Issues of Migration and National Register for Citizenship (NRC)
- Language in Indian Politics: Changing Nature and Impact
- Class in Indian Politics: Nature and Implication

#### **Unit-I1 Ideologies and Indian Politics**

• Nationalism: Different Perspectives and their Implications

• Communalism: Nature and Issues

• Socialism: Evolving Trends

• Communism: Parliamentary and Radical

#### **Unit-III Politics of Economic Reforms**

- Pre -Reforms Indian Economy: Goals, Features and Structures
- Politics of Economic Reforms: Impact on Industrial and Service Sectors
- Economic Reforms: Impacts on Agriculture Sector
- Impact on Marginal Groups: Agrarian Distress, Organized and Unorganized Labour

#### **Unit-IV Accountability**

- Transparency and Accountability Politics
- Lokpal, Lokayukt and Right to Information (RTI)

#### **Unit-V Social Movements**

- Social Movements: Human Rights, Women's Movements and Environmental Movements
- Tribes in Indian Politics: Aspirations, Issues and State's Response
- Minorities: Types, Status, Demands and State Response

#### **Suggested Books**

Arun, C. Joe, *Constructing Dalit Identity*, New Delhi: Rawat Publication, 2007. Bhambhri, C.P, *The Indian State and Political Process*, Delhi: Shipra Publications, 2007.

Chakraborty, Bidyut, Indian Politics and Society: Since Independence, New York: Routledge, 2008.

Crossley, Nick, Making Sense of Social Movements, New Delhi: Rawat Publications, 2002.

Ganguly, Summit, et.al (ed.) *The State of India's Democracy*, New Delhi: Oxford Press, 2009. Kothari, Rajni, *Politics in India*, New Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 2012.

Karmakar, Suparna and Rajiv Kumar.et.al(ed) *India's Liberalisation Experience*, New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2007.

Karna, M.N. (ed.) Democracy, Pluralism and Conflict, New Delhi: Rawat Publications, 2006. Manchanda,

Rita (ed.) States in Conflict with their Minorities, New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2010.

Singh, Mahendra Prasad, Coalition Politics in India: Problems and Prospects, New Delhi: Manohar Publishers, 2004.

Singh, Narendra, *Indian Political System*, New Delhi: Omega Publications, 2009.

Vishvanathan, Nalini, *The Women, Gender and Development Reader*, New Delhi: Zubaan, 1997. Roy, Himanshu, *State Politics in India*, New Delhi: Primus Books, 2017.

Varshney Ashutosh, *Battles Half Won: India's Improbable Democracy*, New Delhi: Penguin, 2014. Hasan, Zoya, *Politics of Inclusion*, New Delhi: OUP, 2015.

Jayal, N. ed. *The Oxford Companion to Politics in India*, New Delhi, OUP, 2016. Mehra, A.K, *Emerging Trends in Indian Politics*, New Delhi: Routledge, 2010.

Chandra Kanchan, *Democratic Dynasties: State, Party and Family in Contemporary Indian Politics*, Delhi Cambridge University Press, 2016

Chandra Bipan, *Communalism in Modern India*, New Delhi, Har-Anand Publication 2015 Puri.K. Harish and J.S.Paramjit, *Social and Political Movements*, Jaipur: Rawat Publication, 2019

Mahana, Rajakishor, Negotiating Marginality: Conflicts over Tribal Development in India, New Delhi: Social sciences Press, 2019

Satyam, Sunkari, *Tribals and Democratic Politics*, Jaipur: Rawat Publication, 2019 Shah, Ghanshyam, *Democracy, Civil Society and Governance*; New Delhi Sage, 2019

Mukul, Akshaya, *Gita Press and the Making of Hindu India*, New Delhi: Harpercollins Publishers India, 2015.

Gudavarthy, Ajay, (ed.), Secular Sectarianism: Limits of Subaltern Politics, New Delhi: Sage, 2020.

Chandhoke, Neera, Rethinking Pluralism, Secularism and Tolerance- Anxieties of Coexistence, NewDelhi:

Sage, 2019.

Tiwari, R.K., *Political Parties Party Manifestos and Elections in India- 1909-2014*, New York: Routledge, 2019.

# **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- https://rtionline.gov.in/ https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcomes:** Student may incompass understanding the structure of the Indian politics. Analysing the functing of political institutions within Indian context, examining the role of political parties, electoral processes, citizen participation and evaluating the challenges and opportunities facing Indian politics in addressing issues like diversity, linguestic, minorities, cultural, reservation, reforms etc. with reference governance and development. Student might also develops skill in critically assessing policy - making processes and their impact on Indian society and politics.

# M.A. Political Science Sem. III Green Political Theory Paper - III

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain three sections as under –

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit,

short answer in 20 words for each part. Total marks: 10

**Section-B:** 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, 5 questions to be attempted,

taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 250 words.

Total marks: 50

Section-C: 04 questions (question may have sub division) covering all units but not

more than one question from each unit, descriptive type, answer in about

500 words, 2 questions to be attempted. Total marks : 40

**Course Objective:** The main course objectives of this course is typically revolves arround the environmental issues and political process. The course aims to equip the students with the knowledge and critical thinking skills to address environmental challenges within the framework of political theory and practice.

#### **UNIT-I**

• Environmental Values in Social and Political Thought Ecology and Enlightenment.

#### **UNIT-II**

- The Development of Modern Ecopolitical Thought. The Ethics of Ecological Humanism.
- Causes of Environmental Destruction.

#### **UNIT-III**

- Environmental Economics, Sustainable Development. Political Ecology.
- Ecological Challenges. Ecologism.

#### **UNIT-IV**

- Ecofeminist Movement.
- Environmental Policy in India.

#### **UNIT-V**

- Green Movements in India.
- Pollution and Its Eradication.
- Ecological Activism.

#### **Suggested Bookss**

- 1. Murray Bookchin The Ecology of Freedom: The Emergence and Dissolution of Hierarchy
- 2. Bill Devall and George Deep Ecology: Living as if Nature Mattered
- 3. Ted Benton The Greening of Marxism
- 4. Vandana Shiva Earth Democracy: Justice Sustainability and Peace
- 5. Joan Martinex-Alier The Environmentalism of the Poor : A Study of Ecological Conflicts and Valuation
- 6. Charley Rogers Green Politics: Ideology, Theory and Practice
- 7. Chris Williams Ecology and Socialism : Solutions to Capitalist Ecological Crisis

- 8. Robyn Eckersley The Grenn State : Rethinking Democracy and Sovereignty
- 9. Andrew Dobson Green Political Thought
- 10. Timothy Doyle Ecological Politics : An Introduction
- 11. Dustin Mulvaney Green Politics : A-to-Z Guide

# **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- https://rtionline.gov.in/
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcomes:** The course learning outcomes collectively prepare students to engage with real world environmental challenges critically, ethically and proactively both in academic and practical contexts.

# M.A. Political Science Sem. III Political Sociology Paper - III

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain three sections as under –

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit,

short answer in 20 words for each part. Total marks: 10

Section-B: 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, 5 questions to be attempted,

taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 250 words.

Total marks: 50

**Section-C:** 04 questions (question may have sub division) covering all units but not

more than one question from each unit, descriptive type, answer in about 500 words, 2 questions to be attempted.

Total marks: 40

**Course Objective:** The course aims to equip students with a sociological perspective on politics, encouraging to them to critically analyze the complex interplay between social structures and political processes in various contexts.

#### Unit-1

Introduction of Political Sociology: Political Sociology as study of the social basis of political growth of political sociology.

#### **Unit-II**

Models for the analysis of political behaviour normative approach and system approach.

#### **Unit-III**

Political Culture and Political Socialization.

Theories of Social Change, Social Movements and Revolutions.

#### **Unit-IV**

Political Participation and Party politics.

Political Development and Modernization.

#### Unit-V

Political Sociology in India, Politics of mass society, National building and national integration (with special reference to india).

# **Suggested Books:**

C. Wright mills - The sociological imagination.

Jeffrey Herbst - States and Power in Africa: comparative lessons in authority and control.

Max Weber - The protestant ethic and the spirit of capitalism.

C. Wright Mills - The power Elite.

Robert D. Putnam - Bowling Alone: The collapse and revival of american community.

Gabriel A. Almond and Sidney Verba - The civid culture: Political attitudes and democracy in five nations.

Pierre Bourdieu - The social structures of the economy.

Arlie Russell Hochschild - The Managed Heart : Commercialization of human feeling.

Alexis de Tocqueville - Democracy in America.

J.C. Aggarwal - Political Socialisation in India.

Bidyut Chakrabarty - Political Socialization in a multi-party system : The Indian Experience.

Rajeev Bhargava - Politics and ethics of the indian constitution.

Rajendra Kumar Pandey - Indian Political System : Structure, Process and Policy.

# **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- https://rtionline.gov.in/
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcomes:** Course learning outcomes are understanding political system, analyzing power dynamics, examining political institutions, exploring social movements, analyzing polical idealogies, study in political behaviour, assessing global politics and critical thinking.

# M.A. Political Science Sem. III Politics in South Asia Paper - IV

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain three sections as under –

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit,

short answer in 20 words for each part. Total marks: 10

**Section-B:** 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, 5 questions to be attempted,

taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 250 words.

Total marks: 50

**Section-C:** 04 questions (question may have sub division) covering all units but not

more than one question from each unit, descriptive type, answer in about 500 words, 2 questions to be attempted.

Total marks: 40

**Course Objective:** The course aim to provide students with and indepth understanding of political dynamics, institutions and issues in the south asian region. Students having comprehensive understanding of the political complexities in south aisa, analyze and engage with the region's political issues critically.

#### Unit-I: Approaches, Structures, Processes and State

- Approaches: Historical, Post-Colonial and Political Economy
- Impact of Colonialism on the Politics of South Asian States
- Constitutions and Constitutionalism: Theory and Practice
- Structures and Processes of Politics

#### **Unit-II: State, Nation-building**

- Nature of Post-Colonial State: India, Pakistan and Nepal
- Nation-building in South Asia: Religion, Ethnicity and Language
- Democracy, Praetorianism and Authoritarianism

#### **Unit-III: Political Elites and Civil Society**

- Political Elites in South Asia: Pakistan, Bangladesh and Sri Lanka
- Civil Society and politics: Role and Emerging Trends

#### **Unit-IV: Security and Governance**

- State Security and Human Security debate
- Globalization and Politics of South Asian States
- Separatism and Terrorism in South Asia
- Governance in South Asia: Issues and Challenges

#### **Unit-V: Human Development, Human Rights**

- Human Development Scenario and Emerging Trends
- Human Rights: Trends and Challenges
- Women participation in the Politics of South Asian States

#### **Suggested Books**

Bose, Sugata and Ayesha Jalal, *Modern South Asia: History, Culture AND Political Economy*, NewDelhi: Oxford University Press, 2003.

Phadnis, Urmila & Rajat Ganguly, Ethnicity and Nation-building in South Asia, New Delhi: Sage, 2001.

Yong, Tan Tai, ed. *South Asia: Societies in Political and Economic Transition*, New Delhi: Manohar, 2010.

Hye, Hasnat Addul, ed. Governance: South Asian Perspectives, New Delhi: Manohar, 2001.

Vanaik, Achin, ed. *Globalization and South Asia: Multidimensional Perspectives*, New Delhi: Manohar, 2004.

Shastri, A. and A. Jeyaratnam, eds. *The Post-Colonial States of South Asia: Democracy, Development and Identity*, New York: Palgrave, 2001.

Jalal, Ayesha, *Democracy and Authoritarianism in South Asia: A Comparative and HistoricalPerspective*, New York: Cambridge University Press, 2002.

Ollapally, Deepa M, *The Politics of Extremism in South Asia*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2008.

Alam, Imtiaz, ed. Whither South Asia, Lahore: South Asian Policy Analysis Network, 2006.

Human Development in South Asia 2012: Governance for People's Empowerment, Lahore: Mahbub ul-Haq Human Development Centre, 2012.

Jha, Nalini Kant, *Democracy, Nation Building and Peace in South Asia*, Har Anand Publications, New Delhi, 2010.

Khilani and Raghavan, Comparative Constitutionalism in South Asia, Oxford: OUP, 2016.

Sridharan. E, International Relations and Theory and South Asia: Security, Political Economy, Domestics Politics, Identities and South Asia New Delhi: OUP, 2011

Raza, Sami, Syeed, The Security State in Pakistan: Legal Foundation, New York: Routledge, 2019

Sen.R, Majumdar J. K and Behra. B, *Conflicting indenties: Travails of Regionalism in Asia*, NewDelhi:Manohar Publishers, 2019

Ehrenberg, John, Civil Society: The Critical History of an Idea, New Delhi: Sage, 2018

Akhtar Naseema and Jhoari .C.R, A Textbook of Political Science, New Delhi: Wisdom Press, 2017.

Ghosh, S., Partha, Migrants, Refugees and the Stateless in South Asia, New Delhi: Sage, 2016.

Khosla, Tamanna, Personal Laws in India, New Delhi: Vitasta Publication, 2019.

# **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- <a href="https://rtionline.gov.in/">https://rtionline.gov.in/</a>
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcome:** - Prepare students to engage thoughtfully with the political dynamics of south asia, equipping them with valuable knowledge applicable to various filleds, including academia, policy making and international relations.

# M.A. Political Science Sem. III Gandhiyan Political Thought Paper - IV

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain three sections as under –

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit,

short answer in 20 words for each part. Total marks: 10

Section-B: 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, 5 questions to be attempted,

taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 250 words.

Total marks: 50

**Section-C:** 04 questions (question may have sub division) covering all units but not

more than one question from each unit, descriptive type, answer in about 500 words, 2 questions to be attempted.

Total marks: 40

**Course Objective :** Gain a deep understanding of Gandhi's political and moral philosophy, analyze the ethical principles underpinning Gandhian political thought, examining methods of nonviolence. Encourage critical thinking by evaluating the strengths and weeknesses of Gandhian political thought, considering its relevence in addressing modern political, social and environmental challenges.

#### Unit - I

Formative Influences: Experiments in South Africa, Metaphysical Foundations of Gandhi's leader, Truth, Ahinsa, Gandhian Techiques of Satyagrah, Ends and Means.

#### Unit- II

Fundamental ideas of Hind Swaraj: Gandhiji's Views regarding Individual and his Place and Role in Society, Gandhian view of Social Order: His Ideas of Varna, Place of Woman and Untouchability, Gandhian view of Religion.

### **Unit-III**

Gandhian Economics: His main Economic Formulation, Decentralization, Industrialisation and Machines, Swedeshi, Breed Labour, Labour- Capital Relationship and Trusteeship.

### **Unit-IV**

Gandhi: View of State and Government; Gandhian Model of Polity; Marx, Mao and Gandhi-Alternatives for Social Change.

### Unit- V

Vinoba, Martin Luther King (Jr.) and Gandhi; Gandhian Framework for Peace and Conflict Resolution.

### **Suggested Books:**

1. Murthy V.V. Raman : Essential Writings of Gandhi

2. Mashruswala K.G.
3. Narayan, J.P.
4. Radha Krishna
5. M.K. Gandhi
4. Gandhi and Socialism
5. Mahatam Gandhi
5. Hindi Swaraj :

6. M.K. Gandhi : My Experiments with Truth

7. Verma, V.P. : Political Thought of Mahatma Gandhi

8. D.B. Mathur : Gandhi and Liberal Bequest 9. Dadhich Naresh : Mahatma Gandhi (Hindi)

### **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services https://rtionline.gov.in/

**Course Learning Outcome : -** Student will develop a profound understanding of Gandhian philosophy, encompassing concepts such as nonviolence, truth, self reliance and their application in political contexts. Learning outcomes aim to provide students with a holistic understanding of Gandhian political thought, empowering them to apply these principle's in various personal, academic and professional contexts.

### M.A. Political Science Sem. III

# Political Analysis and Research Methodology Paper - IV

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain three sections as under –

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit,

short answer in 20 words for each part. Total marks: 10

**Section-B:** 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, 5 questions to be attempted,

taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 250 words.

Total marks: 50

**Section-C:** 04 questions (question may have sub division) covering all units but not

more than one question from each unit, descriptive type, answer in about 500 words, 2 questions to be attempted.

Total marks: 40

**Course Objective:** Course includes students learn about political phenomena, research design, data collection, qualitative and quantitative analysis, critical thinking, policy analysis and ethics in research.

### Unit- I

Meaning, Nature and Need of Political Analysis, Models of Explanations – Easton's System Approach, Almond's Functional Approach, Fact-Value Dichotomy and Scientific Method, Operationalisation of Political Analysis, Shift toward Policy Analysis to Applied Politics.

#### **Unit-II**

The Behavioural and Post – Behavioural Movement in Political Theory, Positivism and Neo-Positivism, End of Dichotomy of Facts and values – Reaffirmation of Norms in Empirical Political Theory.

### **Unit-III**

Decline of Political Theory – Arguments of Easton and Cobban, Resurgence of Political Theory – Arguments of Berlin, Blondel and Strauss, Birth of New Political Science, Debate about end of the Ideology and History.

### **Unit-IV**

Scientific Enquiry in Social Sciences – Definition, Scope, Goals and Limitation of Social Research, Planning and major steps in Social Research-Hypothesis and Research Design, Techniques of Data Collection – Observation, Questionnaire and Schedule, Interview, the Case Study Method.

### Unit- V

Sampling Meaning, Uses and Types of Sampling Distributive Average (Mean, Mode, Median), Data Analysis and Report Writing – Coding, Tabulation, Interpretation, techniques of Report Writing Organizing paragraphs, chapters, footnotes, Suggested Books bibliography.

### **Suggested Bookss:**

- 1. Arnold Brecht: Political theory
- 2. B.N. Ghosh: Scientific Methods and Social Research
- 3. Charlesworth: Contemporary Political Analysis
- 4. Cobban: 'The Decline of Political Theory", Political Science Quarterly, 1953, LXVIII, pp. 321-337
- 5. D. Easton: The Political System An Inquiry into the State of Political Science
- 6. D. Germino: Beyond Ideology: The Revival of Political Theory, New York, Harper and Row 1967

- 7. D. Held: Political Theory: An Introduction, London, Macmillian, 1999
- 8. David marsh & Gerry Stoker: Theory and Methods in Political Science, Macmillan's Publishing, U.K., 2001
- 9. E. J. Meehan: The Theory and Methods of Political Research
- 10. Eugene Meehan: Contemporary Political Theory A Critical Study
- 11. F. Fukuyama: The End of History and the Last Man, Harmondsworth, Penguins, 1992
- 12. Friedrich : An Introduction to Political Science
- 13. Goode and halt: Methods in Social Research
- 14. J.C. Johari: Contemporary Political Theory (E & H)
- 15. Jahoda and others: Research methods in social sciences
- 16. James Charles Worth: Contemporary Political Analysis
- 17. L.S. Rathore: In Defence of Political Theory
- 18. Lasswell & Kaplan : Power and Society A framework of Political Inquiry
- 19. P.S. Bhati: The Normantive Tradition in Political Theory
- 20. P.V. Young: Scientific Social Survey & Research

**Learning Outcomes:** Prepare students to engage in rigorous political analysis and research, equiping them with essential skills for both academic and practical application in the field of political science.

# M.A. Political Science Sem. III International Organization Paper - IV

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain three sections as under –

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit,

short answer in 20 words for each part. Total marks: 10

**Section-B:** 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, 5 questions to be attempted,

taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 250 words.

Total marks: 50

Section-C: 04 questions (question may have sub division) covering all units but not

more than one question from each unit, descriptive type, answer in about 500 words, 2 questions to be attempted.

Total marks: 40

**Course Objective:** Students should gain a knowledge in international organization, analysing global political issues, conflict resolution, reforms, human rights, global ethics and policy analysis. Course also provides a comprehensive understanding of the functions, challenges and significant of international organization in the contemporary context.

#### **Unit-1: International Organization**

International Organization: Definition, Classification and Role

Theoretical Approaches: Federalist, Functionalist and Neo-Functionalist

### **Unit - II Regional Organization**

Concept, Approaches and Theories of Regional Cooperation - Cultural uniformity and Economic necessity as factors in Regional cooperation.

Need for Regional Organizations, India's Agenda for Regional Cooperation,

Government and Politics of South Asia, Problems of South Asian Countries

South Asian Regional Identity: Composition, aspiration and Constraints, Economic Development of South Asia.

### **Unit - III United Nations**

Evolution, Structure and Role of the League of Nations

Objectives and Basic Principles of the United Nations Charter

Principal Organs (The General Assembly and Security Council): Role of the Secretary General

Economic and Social Mandate: ECOSOC, Specialized Agencies (ILO and UNESCO); Funds and Programmes (UNDP, UNIFEM): Sustainable Development Goals

### **Unit - IV: United Nations: Issues and Reforms**

Conflict Resolution: Pacific Settlement of Disputes, Collective Security and; Peacekeeping: Evolving Issues Challenges to UN in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century: Need for Reforms. Economy, Autonomy and Role of U.N. inWorld Politics.

Areas of Conflict and Cooperation in Regional Organizations – SAARC,BRICS, Commonwealth and ASEAN

### Unit- V: U.N. and World Order

Role of U.N. in Development and Environmental Challenges, Democratizing U.N. and the New World Order.

Effectiveness of U.N. - Achieving Millennium Goals 2030, Prospects of U.N.

### **Suggested Books**

Armstrong, David, International Organizations in World Politics, New York: Palgrave, 2004.

Dubash, Navroz K., ed., *Handbook of Climate Change and India: Development, Politics and Governance*, New Delhi: OUP, 2012.

Hurd, Ian, International Organizations: Politics, Law & Practice, Cambridge: University Press, 2010.

Karns, Margaret P. & Karen A. Mingst, *International Organizations: The Politics and Processes of Global Governance*, New Delhi: Viva Books, 2005.

Malone, David M. ed., *The UN Security Council: From the Cold War to 21<sup>st</sup> Century*, New Delhi: Viva Books, 2006.

Mehrish, B. N., *The United Nations in the New Millennium: A Changing Scenario*, Delhi: Academic Excellence, 2007.

Scott, Shirley V, *International Law in World Politics*, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., New Delhi, Viva Books, 2102. Terry, James

P, War on Terror: The Legal Dimension, New Delhi, Pentagon Press, 2014.

Ramsbotham, Oliver, Contemporary Conflict Resolution, UK, Polity Press, 2011

Kumar, Chanchal, Riamei, I. and Gupta, Sanju, *Understanding Global Politics*, New Delhi: KW Publishers, 2017.

Mansbach, W. Richard and Taylor, Kirsten L., Introduction to Global Politics, New York: Routldge, 2018.

Weiss, Thomas G. and Wilkinson, Rorden (eds.), *International Organization and Global Governance*, New York: Routledge, 2014.

Please, Kally-Kate S. *International Organizations: Perspectives on Global Governance*, New Delhi: Routledge, 2019.

Clark, Ian. (1999). *Globalization and International Relations Theory*. London: Oxforduniversity Press. Bajpai, Kanti., & Shukul, Harish C. (1995). *Interpreting World Politics*. New Delhi:Sage.

Shreesh, Jayal., & Ramesh, Babu.B.(Eds.). (1990). *The United Nations and WorldPeace in a changing world*. New Delhi: Sterling..

Mehrish, B.N. (1988). *International Organizations: Structure and Process*. New Delhi: Vishal Publications.

Singh, Sanjay. (2016). *Regional Diplomacy: SAARC, ASEANS, BRICS & SCO*. Dehli:Prashant Publishing House.

Alam, Mohammed Badrul. (2015). *India and Her Neighbours: Towards A ProactivePartnership*, New Dehli: Kalpaz Publications.

Kaplan, Robert D. (2015). *Asia's Cauldron: The South China Sea and the End of aStable Pacific*. New Dehli: Random House.

Leifer, Michael. (2013). ASEAN and the Security of South-East Asia. New Dehli:Routledge.

# **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- <a href="https://rtionline.gov.in/">https://rtionline.gov.in/</a>
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcome:** - Prepare students for careers in international relations, diplomacy, policy analysis, global business and non governmental organizations.

# M.A. Political Science Sem. IV

# **Modern Political Theory Compulsory Paper - I**

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain three sections as under –

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit,

short answer in 20 words for each part. Total marks: 10

**Section-B:** 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, 5 questions to be attempted,

taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 250 words.

Total marks: 50

**Section-C:** 04 questions (question may have sub division) covering all units but not

more than one question from each unit, descriptive type, answer in about 500 words, 2 questions to be attempted.

Total marks: 40

Course Objective: The course is designed to train a student in the fundamental issues of modern political theory. Analyse and understand the principles, ideologies and also provides insight into concepts like democracy, freedom, justice, equality and indivisual rights. Course also aim to provides a comprehensive understanding of modern political theory and equip students with analytical, comparative analysis, ethical implications, research and critical skills to engage with complex political ideas and real world.

#### Unit - I

Nature and Significance of Political Theory, Recent Trends in Political Theory; Shift from Traditional to Modern, Behavioural and Post-Behaviouralism in Political Theory, Decline and Revival of Political theory.

### Unit - II

System Theory (Easton), Structural-Functional Theory (Almond-Coleman), Group Theory.

### **Unit - III**

Distributive Approach (Lasswell), Communication Theory and Decision-Making Theory.

### **Unit-IV**

Concepts of Elite, Political Modernization, Political Development and Political Culture.

### Unit- V

Contemporary Concepts: Communitarianism and Multiculturalism, Clash of Civilization and Globalization.

### **Suggested Books:**

1. Gould and Thusby (ed.) : Contemporary Political Thought, Holt. Richart and

Winston, Inc. New York ,1969

2. James C. Charlesworth (ed): Contemporary Political Analysis, Free Press. New York, 1967

3. Robert Borth Fowlor and Jeffrey R.Orenstein: An Introduction to Political Theory

4. Eugene J. Meehan : Contemporary Political Thought : A Critical Study.

Dorsey Press. 1967

5. Giddens, Anthony
6. S.L. Verma
7. S.L. Verma
2. Samkalin Rajnitik Chintan (Hindi)
3. Samkalin Rajnitik Chintan (Hindi)

8. M. Crasston : The New Left

9 Upendra Bakshi : Globalization – A world without Alternatives

### **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- <a href="https://rtionline.gov.in/">https://rtionline.gov.in/</a>
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcome:** Aim to equip students with a robust foundation in modern political theory, enabling them to engage thoughtfully with political issues both in academic context and in their roles as an active and informed citizens.

### M.A. Political Science Sem. IV

# **Human Rights and Duties : Theory and Practice Compulsory Paper - II**

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain three sections as under –

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit,

short answer in 20 words for each part.

10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, 5 questions to be attempted,

taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 250 words.

Total marks: 50

Total marks: 10

**Section-C:** 04 questions (question may have sub division) covering all units but not

more than one question from each unit, descriptive type, answer in about 500 words, 2 questions to be attempted.

Total marks: 40

**Course Objective:** Aims to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of human rights and duties, encouraging critical thinkings, ethical reflection and active engagement with the promotion and protection of human rights in various contexts.

### Unit- I

**Section-B:** 

Meaning and Nature of Human Rights and Duties: Basic concepts- Liberty, Equality, Justice and Violence. Different Perspectives: Liberal, Marxian, Gandhian and Dalit.

#### **Unit-II**

Human Rights and Duties: Origin and Evolution. Natural, Civil and Political Rights: The Contribution of Magna Carta, Bill of Rights and Universal declaration of Human Rights (1948).

#### **Unit-III**

Universal Human Rights- Context and Concerns.

UN Organs- UN Commission on Human Rights and UN Commission of Status of Women.

#### **Unit-IV**

Human Rights and Duties in India-Philosophical Postulates of India's Constitution. Judicial Activism and Public Interest Litigation, Legislation for Weaker Sections and Enforcement.

### Unit- V

State Enforcement Agencies, National Human Rights Commission, State Human Rights Commission, Human Rights and Courts, NGOs and Human Rights Movements, People's Union for Civil Liberties (PUCL), Need for Spelling Out Human Duties.

### **Suggested Books:**

1. Begum, Dr. S. Meharaty2. Danjeli Yael. Else3. Human Rights in India-Issues and Perspectives4. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights

Stamatopoulon and Clarenaca J. Dias. (Editer) Fifty

Years and Beyonds

3. Jaswal, P.S. : Human Rights and the Law

4. Johari, J.C. : Human Rights and New world order. Toward Perfection

of the Democratic Way of life

5. Kaushik, V. : Women's Movements and Human Rights

6. Nirmal, Chiranjive J. : Human's Rights in India : Historical, Social and Political

Perspective

7. Parmar, Lalit : Human Rights

8. Saxena, K.P. : Human Rights- Fifty years of India's Independence

9. Sen, Shankar : Human Rights in a Development Society

10. Sharma, N.R. : Human Rights in The World

11. Sehgal, B.P.S.
12. Sanajoba, N.
13. Human Rights in India: Problems and Perspectives
14. Human Rights in India: Problems and Perspectives
15. Human Rights in India: Problems and Perspectives
16. Human Rights in India: Problems and Perspectives
17. Human Rights in India: Problems and Perspectives
18. Human Rights in India: Problems and Perspectives
19. Human Rights in India: Problems and Perspectives
<li

13. Rahul Raj : Human Rights : UN Initiatives

14. Leason. Edward : The Encylopaedia of Human Rights (2<sup>nd</sup> Edt.)

### **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- <a href="https://rtionline.gov.in/">https://rtionline.gov.in/</a>
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcome:** - To empower students with the knowledge, skills and ethical overness necessary to engage miningfully with human rights and duties, both academically and in their roles as responsible global citizens.

# M.A. Political Science Sem. IV India and the World Paper - III

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain three sections as under –

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit,

short answer in 20 words for each part.

**Section-B:** 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, 5 questions to be attempted,

taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 250 words.

Total marks: 50

Total marks: 10

**Section-C:** 04 questions (question may have sub division) covering all units but not

more than one question from each unit, descriptive type, answer in about

500 words, 2 questions to be attempted. Total marks : 40

**Course Objective:** Develop a comprehensive understanding of india's historical interactions with other nations including security, defence, trade, cultural exchange and diplomatic relations, fostering a nuanced perspactive on global affairs and india's role in the international arena.

### **Unit I: Principle of Indian Foreign Policy**

- Foundations of India's Foreign Policy: Ideology, Principles, Goals and Objectives
- Determinants of India's Foreign Policy: Internal and External

### **Unit-1: World Power Structure & Instruments of State Policy**

- World Power Structure: Evolution & Trends
- National Interest, National Power and Ideology
- Diplomacy: Concept, Types and Nature
- War: Meaning, Nature and Types

### Unit-II: India's Changing World View

- Evolution of India's World View during the Cold-War and Post Cold War Period
- India's Perspective on Disarmament and Non Proliferation
- India as an Emerging Power: Strengths and Challenges
- India's Policy towards Major Powers: United States, China and Russia

### **Unit-III: India's Policy Perspective on Asia**

- India's South Asia Policy: Bilateral & Multilateral Perspectives
- India's Southeast Asia Policy: A Shift from Look East to Act East
- Changing Contours of India's West Asia Policy
- India's Policy towards Central Asia

### **Unit-IV: India and Global Issues**

- India and IBSA & BRICS: A Perspective of Political Economy
- India's Nuclear Policy: Emerging Trends

- India and Geopolitics of Indian Ocean
- India & Politics on Climate Change

### **Suggested Books**

Bajpai, Kanti P. & Harsh V. Pant, eds., *India's Foreign Policy: A Reader*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2013.

Baylis, John, Steve Smith and Patricia Owens, *The Globalization of World Politics*, Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2011.

Chatterjee Aneek, *Neighbors Major Powers and Indian Foreign Policy*, Hyderabad: Orient Blackswan, 2017

Devare, Sudhir, *India and Southeast Asia: Towards Security Convergence*, Singapore: Institute of Southeast Asian Studies, 2006.

Dubey, Muchkund, *India's Foreign Policy: Coping with the Changing World*, New Delhi: Pearson Publishers, 2012.

Jayal, Neraja Gopal and Pratap Bhanu Mehta, eds., *The Oxford Companion to Politics in India*, New Delhi: OUP, 2014.

Kishore C. Dass, Regionalism in South Asia: Negotiating Cooperation, Institutional Structures, New York: Routeledge, 2008.

Kumar, Mahendra, *Theoretical Aspects of International Politics*, Agra: Shiva Lal Agarwal & Company, 1984.

Malik, Mohan, China and India: Great Power Rivals, New Delhi: Viva Books, 2012.

Malone, David M. *The Oxford Handbook of Indian foreign Policy*, New Delhi: OUP, and et.al. (eds.), 2015.

Malone, David M., Does the Elephant Dance?: Contemporary Indian Foreign Policy, Oxford: OUP, 2012.

Mohan, C. Raja, *Crossing the Rubicon: The Shaping of India's New Foreign Policy*, New York: PalgraveMacmillan, 2004.

Scott, David, Handbook of India in International Relations, London: Routledge, 2011.

Sikri, Rajiv, *Challenge and Strategy: Rethinking India's Foreign Policy*, New Delhi: Sage India, 2013.Kumar, Suendra, (ed.), *Whither India in 2022*, New Delhi: Har-Anand Publications, 2019

### **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- https://rtionline.gov.in/
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcome:** Equip students with a comprehensive understanding of india's global interactions, enabling them to navigate the complexities of international relations, cultural diversity and global challanges with critical thinking and global perspective.

# M.A. Political Science Sem. IV Polity and Politics in India

Paper - III

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain three sections as under –

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit,

short answer in 20 words for each part. Total marks: 10

**Section-B:** 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, 5 questions to be attempted,

taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 250 words.

Total marks: 50

**Section-C:** 04 questions (question may have sub division) covering all units but not

more than one question from each unit, descriptive type, answer in about

500 words, 2 questions to be attempted. Total marks : 40

**Course Objective:** The course objectives are typically include constitutional understanding, political institutions, political processes, governance and public policy, federalism rights and citizenship, political movements and activism, media and politics, ethical and legal aspects, comparative polites, critical analysis and citizenship education.

### Unit-I Historical, Philosophical and Structural Basis

- Colonialism: Nature, Impact and Political Legacies
- Ideological and Philosophical Basis of Indian Polity: Liberalism, Socialism and Secularism
- Major features of Indian Constitution: Parliamentary Democracy, Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles
- Federal System: Nature, Structure and Emerging Trends

#### **Unit-II Union Institutions of Governance**

- Executive: President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers
- Legislature: Composition, Powers and Functions of Parliament
- Judiciary: Appointments, Jurisdiction of Supreme Court and Judicial Activism
- Planning Commission/Niti Ayog and Finance Commission

### **Unit-III State Institutions of Governance**

- Executive: Governor, Chief Minister and Council of Ministers
- Legislature: Composition, Powers and Functions
- High Courts and Subordinate Courts: Structure and Functions
- Local Self Government: Panchayati Raj Institutions and Urban Local Bodies

### **Unit-IV: Structures of Governance**

- Federalism: Structure, Nature and Emerging Trends
- Democratic Decentralization: 73<sup>rd</sup> and 74<sup>th</sup> Constitutional Amendments, Nature and Impact
- Parliament: Changing Nature of Representation

### **Unit-V Democracy, Participation and Assertion**

- Electoral System: Nature and Challenges
- Party System in India: Changing Nature and Emerging Trends
- Politics of Identity: Caste and Religion
- Social Movements: Issues and Impact

### **Suggested Books:**

Austin Granville, The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation,

1999.O.U.PAloysisus G, Nationalism Without a Nation in India, OUP, 1997

Adney Katharine and Lawrence Saez, Coalition Politics and Hindu Nationalism, Routtedge, 2005

Brass Paul, Ethnicity and Nationalism: Theory and Comparison, Sage, 1991

Brass Paul, The Politics of India Since Independence, Cambridge University Press,

1990Chandra, Bipan, Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India Orient,

Longman, 1979 Chandra Bipan, India After Independence 1947 to 2000, Penguin

Chatterjee Patha, State and Politics in India: OUP, 1999

Chandra Kanchan, Why Ethnic Parties Suceed: Patronages and Ethnic Head Counts in India, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2004

De Souza Peter Ronald &E Sridharan, India's Political Parties, Sage Publications, New Delhi,

2006Hasan Zoya, ed., Politics and the State in India, New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2000

Hasan Zoya ed., Parties and Party Politics in India, Oxford University Press, New Delhi,

2001Kaviraj Sudipta ed., Politics in India, New Delhi: OUP, 1997

Kellar James G, The Politics of Nationalism and Ethnicity, Macmillan

Kothari, Rajani, *Politics in India*, Orient Longman, 1979. Kothari, Rajni (ed), *Caste in Indian Politics*, Orient Longman, 1970

Kohli, Atul, Centralization and Powerlessness: India's Democracy in a Comprehensive Perspective, in Joe Midgal, Atul Kohli and Vivenne Shue (eds), State Power and Social Forces, Cambridge University Press, 1994

Morris Jones, W.H., *Politics Mainly Indian*, New Delhi, Orient Longman, 1979

Oommen, T.K, State and Society in India Studies in National Building, Sage, 2000

Sharma S.L &(ed.), *National and National Identity in South Asia*, OrientOommen, T.K Longman

Satyamurthy, T.V, State and Nation in the Context of Social Change, OUP,

1997Singh, M.P &, Chaube, S.K Indian Constitution: A Review, Har Anand,

Singh, M.P & Rekha Saxena, *India at the Polls: Parliamentary Elections in a Federal Phase*, Orient Longman, Delhi, 2003

Vijaypur Abdulrahim ed., Dimensions of Federal Nation Building, Mani, 1992

Jayal, N ed., The Oxford Companion to Politics in India, Oxford University Press,

2016.Desai, A.R., Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Sage Publication, 2016

Pylee, M., Indian Constitution, S. Chand, New Delhi, 2006.

Bhardwaj, H.R., Politics, Religion and Judiciary in India, New Delhi: Har-Anand, 2019.

Joshi, R.P., and Narwani, G.S., *Panchayat Raj in India- Emerging Trends Across the States*, New Delhi: Rawat Publications, 2016.

Mehra, K. Ajay, (ed.), Emerging Trends in Indian Politics, New York: Routledge, 2010.

Kumar, Narender, (ed.), Politics and Religion in India, New York: Routledge, 2020.

### **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- https://rtionline.gov.in/
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcome:** - Equip students with comprehensive understanding of india's global interactions, enabling the students to nevigate the complexities of international relations, cultural diversity and global challenges with critical thinking and global perspective.

# M.A. Political Science Sem. IV Indian Political Economy Paper - III

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain three sections as under –

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit,

short answer in 20 words for each part. Total marks: 10

**Section-B:** 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, 5 questions to be attempted,

taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 250 words.

Total marks: 50

**Section-C:** 04 questions (question may have sub division) covering all units but not

more than one question from each unit, descriptive type, answer in about 500 words, 2 questions to be attempted.

Total marks: 40

**Course Objective:** The course objectives typically include understanding economy theories, historical perspective, institutional analysis, policy analysis, globalisation and trade, poverty and inequality, development economics, environmental sustainability, economic reforms and research skills.

### **Unit-I: Theoretical Perspectives**

- Theoretical Perspectives: Liberal, Radical and Conservative
- Economic Ideas of Founding Fathers: Ambedkar, Gandhi, Nehru and C. Rajagopalachari

### **Unit-II: Historical Background**

- Political Economy in the Pre-Colonial Economy
- Colonialism and Its Impact on Indian Economy
- Emergence of National Bourgeoisie and National Movement

### **Unit-III: Agriculture, Industry and Indian Politics**

- Land Reforms, Green Revolution and Its Impacts
- Planning for Development, Liberalization and Niti Aayog
- Land Acquisition, Demonetization and Digital Economy

### **Unit- IV: Economic and Political Processes**

- Resource Sharing between Union and States: Grants and Goods and Services Tax (GST)
- Development Policies: Regional and Intra Regional Disparities
- Political Economy of Elections: Changing Dynamics
- Political Economy of Media: Print, Visual and Social

### **Unit- V: Contemporary Issues**

- Challenges to Agricultural Economy: Agrarian Distress, Farmers' Suicide and Village Industry
- Social Securities in Post Reform Era: Public Distribution System and MNREGA
- Social Sector: Education and Health
- Political Economy of Growth: Debates over Technology, Automation and Unemployment

### **Suggested Bookss**

Bardhan, Pranav, The Political Economy of Development, New Delhi: OUP, 1998.

Frankel, R Francine, India's Political Economy: The Gradual Revolution, New Delhi: OUP, 2006.

Rudolph, Lloyd and Rudolph, Sussane, In Pursuit of Lakshmi, Chicago: Uni. of Chicago Press,

1987. Kohli, Atul and Prerna, Singh, Handbook of Indian Politics, New Delhi: Routledge 2013.

Kohli, Atul, *Democracy and Development in India: From Socialism to Pro Business*, New Delhi: OUP, 2010.

Sinha, Assema, Globalizing India, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2016.

Mukherji, Rahul, Political Economy of Reforms in India, New Delhi: OUP, 2014.

Dreze Jean, Sen Amartya, *An Uncertain Glory: India and its Contradictions*, New Delhi:Penguin Publications, 2014.

### **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- https://rtionline.gov.in/
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcome:** - To empower students with a comprehensive understanding of indian political economy, equiping them with analytical, critical and research skills.

### M.A. Political Science Sem. IV

# Public International Law Paper - III

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain three sections as under –

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit,

short answer in 20 words for each part. Total marks: 10

**Section-B:** 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, 5 questions to be attempted,

taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 250 words.

Total marks: 50

**Section-C:** 04 questions (question may have sub division) covering all units but not

more than one question from each unit, descriptive type, answer in about 500 words, 2 questions to be attempted.

Total marks: 40

**Course Objective:** The primary objective is to provide an understanding of the legal framework that governs the relationships between states and other international actors. Students typically learn about topics such as state sovereignty, treaties, international organizations, human rights, and dispute resolution mechanisms. By understanding these concepts, students can analyze and interpret international legal issues, participate in diplomatic efforts and contribute to the resolution of global challenges through legal means.

#### Unit - I

Nature and Scope of International Law, Sources of International Law, Relations between International Law and Municipal Law- Various Theories; Different Schools of International Law, Codification of International Law.

### Unit- II

States- Sovereign States, Neutralized States. States Territory: Modes of Acquisition and Loss of State Territory. States Succession and Recognition of States.

### **Unit-III**

Treaties: Meaning, termination and interpretation of treaties, Settlement of International Disputes: Amicable andCompulsive.

### **Unit-IV**

Asylum and Extradition. Court of Justice, United Nations and Its Specialised Agencies, International Criminal Law.

#### Unit- V

Definition and Nature of War, Declaration of War, Effects of War, Modes of Termination of War, War Crimes, Blockade and Contraband.

#### **Suggested Books:**

Starke : International Law
 Brierly, J.L. : The Law of Nations.

3. Kelson : Principles of International Law 4. Gould : An Introduction to International Law

5. Friedman : The Changing Structure of International Law6. Nagendra Singh : Recent Tends in Development to International Law

7. Pitt Cobbet : Cases on International Law

# **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- <a href="https://rtionline.gov.in/">https://rtionline.gov.in/</a>
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcome:** - Students are prepared to engage in international legal practice, diplomatic endeavors, human rights advocacy and various roles within international organizations, contributing meaningfully to the global legal community.

### M.A. Political Science Sem. IV

# Theory and Practice of Diplomacy Paper - IV

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain three sections as under –

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit,

short answer in 20 words for each part. Total marks: 10

**Section-B:** 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, 5 questions to be attempted,

taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 250 words.

Total marks: 50

**Section-C:** 04 questions (question may have sub division) covering all units but not

more than one question from each unit, descriptive type, answer in about 500 words, 2 questions to be attempted.

Total marks: 40

**Course Objective :** Understanding legal principles, analytical skills, knowledge of international institutions, human rights awareness, conflict resolution, treaty interpretation, cultural sensitivity, legal research, communication skills, global perspective, ethical considerations, students are prepared to engage in international legal practice, diplomatic endeavors, human rights advocay, various roles within international organization, contributing meaningfully to the global legal community.

#### Unit- I

Nature, Development and Objectives of Diplomacy. Diplomacy as Weapon and Tools of National power.

Evolution of Diplomatic Practice- Greek, Roman, Italian, French and Indian School of Diplomacy.

#### **Unit-II**

Diplomatic Agents- Class, Privileges and Immunities, Position in regard to Third World States, Diplomatic Body- Principles of Precedence, Credentials and Full Power.

Types of Diplomacy- Democratic, Parliamentary, Summit and Conference Diplomacy.

Personal and Coalition Diplomacy- Their Potential and Limits in the Modern world.

#### **Unit-III**

New Techniques and recent developments in Diplomacy. Diplomacy during War and Peace. Propaganda in Modern Diplomacy and Diplomacy of the Super Powers; Indian Diplomacy-Counsellor Agents and their Functions.

### **Unit-IV**

Treaties & Their Objectives- Classifications; Treaties and their International Impact. Accession – Reservation and Termination. Language of Diplomatist Intercourse and form of Documents.

### Unit- V

Diplomacy in Contemporary World, Significance and Changing Role of Diplomacy, Future of Diplomacy, Foreign Office with Special reference to the Organization of the Ministry of External Affairs in India.

### **Suggested Books:**

1. Nicholson, Harold : Diplomacy

2. Nicholson, Harold3. SatowEvolution of Diplomatic MethodsGuide of Diplomatic Practice

4. Pannikar : Principles and Practice of Diplomacy

5. Krishnamurthy : Dynamics of Diplomacy6. Girija Mukerjee : French School Diplomacy

7. Thayer : Diplomat

8. Hayter : Diplomacy of the Great Powers

9. Kennaey A.L. : Diplomacy- Old and New

### **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- <a href="https://rtionline.gov.in/">https://rtionline.gov.in/</a>
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcome:** - The theory and practice of diplomacy outcomes are prepared for careers in diplomatic service, international organizations, multinational corporations and non-governmental organizations, where they can contribute effectively to international cooperations, conflict resolution and global governance.

### M.A. Political Science

# Sem. IV Political Process And Politics In India Paper - IV

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain three sections as under –

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit,

short answer in 20 words for each part. Total marks: 10

**Section-B:** 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, 5 questions to be attempted,

taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 250 words.

Total marks: 50

Section-C: 04 questions (question may have sub division) covering all units but not

more than one question from each unit, descriptive type, answer in about

500 words, 2 questions to be attempted. Total marks : 40

**Course Objective:** Understanding political institutions, political ideologies, election dynamics, policy making social and cultural inluences, political movements, governance challenges, comparative politics, legal framework global relations, these objective aim to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of the political processes and dynamics in india, enabiling them to critically analyze and engage with the country's political landscape.

### **Unit-I: Understanding Political Process and Politics**

- Meaning and Nature of Political system, Political Parties and the Party System: National and Regional Parties
- Trends in the Party System Congress system, Coalitions and Majoritarianism,
   Dominant Party culture

### **Unit II- Political Action and Societal Response**

- Challenges to the electoral system Social determinants of voting, Religion and Politics, Debates on secularism, majority and minorityCommunalism
- Federalism and Regional Aspirations Politics of secession, autonomyand control, Fiscal federalism and social movements

### **Unit III- Political Institutions – Emergence and Decay**

- The Legislature, Executive, and Judiciary- Nature of the Indian State, discrimination and affirmative action policies, Nature of political powerin India.
- Development Issues-Power sharing, Welfare, Ideological and Coercive dimensions Caste in politics and the politicization of caste and gender

### **Unit IV- Major issues in Politics**

- Political Representation—Types, Gender empowerment and representation, debatesover reservation and creamy layer, demands for internal reservation
- Social Securities in Post Reform Era: Public Distribution System and MNREGA

### **Unit V- Contomporary Challenges**

- Major political challenges Technology, Automation and Unemployment, Poverty
- Challenges to Agricultural Economy: Agrarian Distress, Farmers' Suicide and Village Industry, Education, Health and environmental hazards.

### Suggested Books

- 1. <u>Singh</u>, Abhay Prasad., & <u>Murari</u>, Krishna. (2019). *Political Process in ContemporaryIndia*. London: Pearson Education.
- 2. <u>Sharma</u>, Ruchir. (2019). *Democracy on the Road: A 25 Year Journey through India*. New Dehli: Penguin.
- 3. Roy, Himanshu., & Singh, M P. (2018). *Indian Political System*. Chennai: Pearson.
- 4. <u>Kumar, Sanjeev., & Pathak,</u> Dev Nath. (2016). *Political Process in India*. India: Pinnacle Learning.
- 5. Mitra, Subrata K. (2014). *Politics In India Structures, Processes, and Policy*. NewDehli: Oxford.
- 6. Kothari, Rajni. (2012). *Politics in India*. New Dlhi: Orient Longman.
- 7. Mehta, <u>Pratap Bhanu.</u>, <u>& Jayal</u>, Niraja Gopal. (2011). *Politics in India*. New Dehli:Oxford.
- 8. Hewitt, Vernon. (2009). *Political Mobilization and Democracy in India*. London: Routledge.
- 9. Chakrabarty, Bidyut. (2008). *Indian Politics and Society since Independence Events, processes and ideology*. New York: Routledge.
- 10. Brass, Paul R. (2003). *The Politics of India since Independence*. New Dehli: Cambridge University Press.

## **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- https://rtionline.gov.in/
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcome:** - To empower students to engage meaningfully in discussions, contribute to informed decision making processes and participate actively in shaping the political future of india.

### M.A. Political Science Sem. IV

# Federal System and Federalism in India Paper - IV

Duration: 3 hours Question Paper Max. Marks – 100

**Note:** The question paper will contain three sections as under –

**Section-A:** One compulsory question with 10 parts, having 2 parts from each unit,

short answer in 20 words for each part.

Total marks: 10

**Section-B:** 10 questions, 2 questions from each unit, 5 questions to be attempted,

taking one from each unit, answer approximately in 250 words.

Total marks: 50

**Section-C:** 04 questions (question may have sub division) covering all units but not

more than one question from each unit, descriptive type, answer in about

500 words, 2 questions to be attempted. Total marks : 40

**Course Objective:** Students gain a comprehensive understanding the distribution of power and responsibilities between the central government and states, understanding federalism, constitutioanl framework, comparative analysis of india's federal systems with other federal systems. Preparing students to critically evaluate the functioning of the country's federal structure and federal governance.

### Unit - I

Federalism, theories of Federalism Federal System: Nature, Structure and Emerging Trends Determinants of Indian federalism

### **Unit-II**

Nature of Indian Federalism – Main Areas of Tension between the Centre and the States. Commissions on Centre State Relations – Rajmanar and Sarkaria - Changing Nature of Federalism Under Coalition Politics.

### **Unit-III**

Indian States: An Overview (Indian Federalism and Constitutional Position of the States)

Inter-State Disputes: Nature and Institutional Mechanisms for Resolution Decentralized Governance – Philosophy, Responsibility and Institutional structure, Evaluation of their functioning

### **Unit-IV**

The Federal System - Changing Pattern of Centre-State Relations

Democratic Decentralization: 73<sup>rd</sup> and 74<sup>th</sup> Constitutional Amendments, Nature and Impact Panchayati Raj System – Democratic Decentralisation and Social Justice

### Unit-V

Working of Indian Federalism in different phases and in coaliations governments Federal disputes, federalism and national and regional parties

### **Suggested Books:**

William H. Riker - Federalism : Origin, Operation, Significance.

Michael Burgess and Alain - G. Gagnon - The Federal Idea : Essays in Honor of Ronald L. Watts.

Mark Edward Warren - The Oxford Handbook of American Federalism.

David L. Boren - The Federal Design Dilemma : Congress and Intergovernmental Delegation.

M.V. Pylee - Indian Federalism : A Councise Analysis.

William H. Riker - Federalism in India.

Ranbir Singh - India's Federal System: Structure and Working.

Subhash C. Kashyap - Centre-State Relations and Cooperative Federalism in India.

K.N. Raj - Indian Federalism: The Kerala Experience.

William F. Miller - Federalism and the Making of India's National Constitution.

Mahendra Prasad Singh - Federalism in India: Origin and Development.

Niraja Gopal Jayal and Pratap Bhanu Mehta - Indian Federalism : How Does the Policy Change.

Sudha Pai and Avinash Kumar - Indian Federalism : A Contemporary Perspective.

### **Suggested Online Link:**

- https://ndl.iitkgp.ac.in/
- http://epgp.inflibnet.ac.in/
- http://egyankosh.ac.in/
- https://www.ncertbooks.guru/english-skills/
- https://epathshala.nic.in/
- https://www.digitalindia.gov.in/services
- https://rtionline.gov.in/
- https://www.india.gov.in/topics/law-justice

**Course Learning Outcome : -** Students are prepared to engage in informed discussions, contribute to policy debates and work effectively within the complex federal structure of india, promoting better governance and understanding of diverse regional needs.

# M.A. Political Science Sem. IV Dissertation Elective Paper - VIII

**Note:** - (Regular Students with 55% of marks in M.A. Previous Semester will only be eligible for opting dissertation)

**Course Objective:** Typically include research skills, problem definition, critical thinking, methodological proficiency, literature review, data analysis, original contribution, clear communication, time management, ethical considerations, presentation skills, critical feedback. By achieving these objectives students can produce a high quality dissertation that contributes significantly to their field of study and expertise as researchers and scholars.

Course Learning Outcomes: Completing dissertaion include advanced research skills, in-depth knowledge, critical thinking, analytical proficiency, effective communication, problem solving, project management, ethical awareness, independent learning peer review and collaboration, presentation skills, confidence in research abilities. Equip students with advanced skills and expertise, preparing them for research intensive roles and enabiling them to contribute significantly to the academic and professional communities in their respective fields.